

# UNITED STATES EPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.

09/422,324 10/21/99 CONSOLE R

EXAMINER

JOHN P SENATORE 312 W OLIVE STREET WESTVILLE NJ 08093 LM02/0412

WONG, A
ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2713

DATE MAILED:

04/12/00

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Application No. 09/422,324

Applicant(s)

Console et al.

## Office Action Summary

Examiner

Allen Wong

Group Art Unit 2713



Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u> </u>
X This action is FINAL.	
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935	
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extension 37 CFR 1.136(a).	to respond within the period for response will cause the
Disposition of Claims	
	is/are pending in the application.
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.
Claim(s)	is/are allowed.
	is/are rejected.
Claim(s)	is/are objected to.
☐ Claims	are subject to restriction or election requirement.
Application Papers    See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing     The drawing(s) filed on	ted to by the Examiner.  isapproveddisapproved.  under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).  f the priority documents have been  mber)  International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
Attachment(s)  Notice of References Cited, PTO-892 Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper N Interview Summary, PTO-413 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-94 Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152	
SEE OFFICE ACTION ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES	

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This application is informal in the arrangement of the specification. The following guidelines illustrate the preferred layout and content for patent applications. These guidelines are suggested for the applicant's use.

#### Arrangement of the Specification

The following order or arrangement is preferred in framing the specification and, except for the reference to "Microfiche Appendix" and the drawings, each of the lettered items should appear in upper case, without underlining or bold type, as section headings. If no text follows the section heading, the phrase "Not Applicable" should follow the section heading:

- (a) Title of the Invention.
- (b) Cross-References to Related Applications.
- © Statement Regarding Federally Sponsored Research or Development.
- (d) Reference to a "Microfiche Appendix" (see 37 CFR 1.96).
- (e) Background of the Invention.
  - 1. Field of the Invention.
  - 2. Description of the Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
- (f) Brief Summary of the Invention.
- (g) Brief Description of the Several Views of the Drawing(s).
- (h) Detailed Description of the Invention.
- (I) Claim or Claims (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (j) Abstract of the Disclosure (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (k) Drawings.
- (1) Sequence Listing (see 37 CFR 1.821-1.825).

Although applicant has included these elements, the applicant has placed in the (format) of a patent not an application. It should be noted that the components of an application are written in a <u>single column</u> and generally do not include the classification field of search and the U.S. patent documents cited. Furthermore, the <u>abstract is required to be on a separate sheet</u> and <u>claims</u> are also on a separate sheet and <u>each claim</u> must be <u>only one sentence</u>.

2. Applicant is advised on how to arrange the content of the specification.

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#### **Content of Specification**

(a) <u>Title of the Invention</u>: See 37 CFR 1.72(a). The title of the invention should be placed at the top of the first page of the specification. It should be brief but technically accurate and descriptive, preferably from two to seven words.

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- (b) <u>Cross-References to Related Applications</u>: See 37 CFR 1.78 and MPEP § 201.11.
- © Statement Regarding Federally Sponsored Research and Development: See MPEP § 310.
- (d) Reference to a "Microfiche Appendix": See 37CFR 1.96© and MPEP § 608.05. The total number of microfiche and the total number frames should be specified.
- (e) <u>Background of the Invention</u>: The specification should set forth the Background of the Invention in two parts:
  - (1) <u>Field of the Invention</u>: A statement of the field of art to which the invention pertains. This statement may include a paraphrasing of the applicable U.S. patent classification definitions of the subject matter of the claimed invention. This item may also be titled "Technical Field."
  - (2) <u>Description of the Related Art</u>: A description of the related art known to the applicant and including, if applicable, references to specific related art and problems involved in the prior art which are solved by the applicant's invention. This item may also be titled "Background Art."
- (f) Brief Summary of the Invention: A brief summary or general statement of the invention as set forth in 37 CFR 1.73. The summary is separate and distinct from the abstract and is directed toward the invention rather than the disclosure as a whole. The summary may point out the advantages of the invention or how it solves problems previously existent in the prior art (and preferably indicated in the Background of the Invention). In chemical cases it should point out in general terms the utility of the invention. If possible, the nature and gist of the invention or the inventive concept should be set forth. Objects of the invention should be treated briefly and only to the extent that they contribute to an understanding of the invention.

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(g) <u>Brief Description of the Several Views of the Drawing(s)</u>: A reference to and brief description of the drawing(s) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.74.

- (h) Detailed Description of the Invention: A description of the preferred embodiment(s) of the invention as required in 37 CFR 1.71. The description should be as short and specific as is necessary to describe the invention adequately and accurately. This item may also be titled "Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention." Where elements or groups of elements, compounds, and processes, which are conventional and generally widely known in the field of the invention described and their exact nature or type is not necessary for an understanding and use of the invention by a person skilled in the art, they should not be described in detail. However, where particularly complicated subject matter is involved or where the elements, compounds, or processes may not be commonly or widely known in the field, the specification should refer to another patent or readily available publication which adequately describes the subject matter.
- (I) <u>Claim or Claims</u>: See 37 CFR 1.75 and MPEP § 608.01(m). The claim or claims must commence on separate sheet. (37 CFR 1.52(b)). Where a claim sets forth a plurality of elements or steps, each element or step of the claim should be separated by a line indentation. There may be plural indentations to further segregate subcombinations or related steps.
- (j) <u>Abstract of the Disclosure</u>: A brief narrative of the disclosure as a whole in a single paragraph of 250 words or less on a separate sheet following the claims.
- (k) <u>Drawings</u>: See 37 CFR 1.81, 1.83-1.85, and MPEP § 608.02.
- (l) Sequence Listing: See 37 CFR 1.821-1.825.
- 3. If applicant continues to prosecute the application, revision of the specification and claims to present the application in proper form is required. While an application can be amended to make it clearly understandable, no subject matter can be added that was not disclosed in the application as originally filed.

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Claims 1-3 are rejected as failing to define the invention in the manner required by 35
 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph.

The claim(s) are narrative in form and replete with indefinite and functional or operational language. The structure which goes to make up the device must be clearly and positively specified. The structure must be organized and correlated in such a manner as to present a complete operative device. The claim(s) must be in one sentence form only. Note the format of the claims in the patent(s) cited.

#### Claim Objections

5. Claims 1-3 are objected to because of the following informalities: Numbers should not be placed in parentheses. Also, the numerical labeling of elements should not be placed in claims.

Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

Claims 1-3 are rejected as failing to define the invention in the manner required by 35
 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph.

The claim(s) are narrative in form and replete with indefinite and functional or operational language. The structure which goes to make up the device must be clearly and positively specified. The structure must be organized and correlated in such a manner as to present a complete operative device. The claim(s) must be in one sentence form only. Note the format of the claims in the patent(s) cited.

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Also, claims 2 and 3 are vague, indefinite and unclear because claims 2 and 3 mention that the playback time is 15 minutes whereas claim 1 mentions that the playback time is 10 minutes.

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Peterson (4,789,904) in view of Secor (5,289,321).
- 9. Regarding claim 1, Peterson discloses an audio-video system comprising a means for recording a constant view of the drivers and road in front when vehicle is on (figure 1, element 12; note a camera records the front view). For completeness, it is well known to capture images of the view, rear view and any instrumentation of recording views. Peterson fails to teach the means for constantly recording the view of the odometer, speedometer, and the superimposition of time and date on image. However, Secor teaches the constantly recording view of the odometer (figure 5, element 40), the time and date (figure 5, element 40). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to incorporate the constantly recording view of the odometer, the speedometer, the time and date with a camera constantly recording the front and

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rear views for the purpose of obtaining all possible and relevant information when policemen making an arrest or pulling over violating drivers so that one process faster when retaining accurate data. Also, one of ordinary skilled would obviously recognize that all cameras have a rewind button and that the amount of time is not considered to be patentably significant otherwise we would have issued a patent for each increment of time.

- 10. Regarding claim 2, the relative positioning of a female output jack is not considered to have patentable weight since the female output jack can be placed anywhere regardless of whether it is outside or inside.
- 11. Regarding claim 3, the portability of a camera is not considered to be patentable since a court case <u>In re Lindberg</u>, 93 USPQ 23 (CCPA 1952) ruled that the portability of an object is unpatentable since it is not inventive and does not yield any unexpected results
- 12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Allen Wong whose telephone number is (703) 306-5978. If the Examiner cannot be contacted or applicant has further inquiries, then the Examiner's Supervisor, Christopher Kelley, can be reached at (703)305-4856.

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2700

AW

April 6, 2000